

SCIENCE
VERTEBRATES REVISION

NAME _____

Vertebrate animals have a s_____ made up of bones.

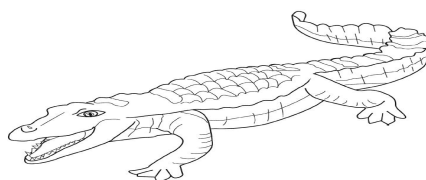
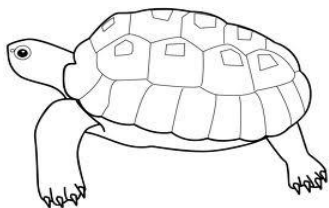
There are five groups of vertebrate animals.

1) **MAMMALS** Most mammals live on l_____ and use their l_____ to move around. There are also mammals that live in the s_____ and other animals that have w_____ to fly.

- a) How do mammals reproduce? They are _____
- b) How do mammals breathe? They breathe through _____
- c) What is their external cover? They have _____ and _____ or _____
- d) Give 2 examples of land mammals. _____, _____
- e) Give 2 examples of marine mammals. _____, _____
- f) Give 2 examples of primates. _____, _____
- g) Give 1 example of a flying mammal. _____

2) **REPTILES** Reptiles live on the l_____ and some can live in w_____ too.

- a) How do reptiles reproduce? _____
- b) How do reptiles breathe? _____
- c) Can you write the names of the external cover of these reptiles?



- d) Give 3 other examples of reptiles. _____, _____, _____

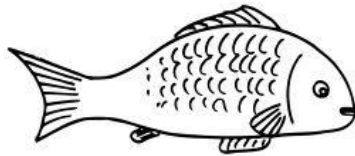
3) **BIRDS** Birds have a b_____ and their skin is covered with f_____.

They have two w_____ to fly

- a) How do birds reproduce? _____
- b) How do birds breathe? _____
- c) Can you think of a bird that cannot fly? _____
- d) Give 3 more examples of birds. _____, _____, _____

4) **FISH** Fish are a _____; this means that they live in water.

a) Can you label the parts of this fish?



- b) What do fish use to breathe in oxygen? _____
- c) How do fish reproduce? _____

5) **AMPHIBIANS** Amphibians are covered with s_____

- a) How do amphibians reproduce? _____
- b) How do amphibians breathe? Name 2 ways. _____
- c) A tadpole is a baby frog. How do tadpoles breathe? _____

Categorise these vertebrates.

hake	salamander	toad	bear	shark	flamingo	tortoise	rat
crocodile	parrot	snake	whale	penguin	iguana	kangaroo	

MAMMALS	REPTILES	BIRDS	FISH	AMPHIBIANS